# SGKF SOCIETE SUISSE DES EXPERTS DES POUX SCHWEIZERISCHE GESELLSCHAFT DER KOPFLAUS FACHLEUTE SOCIETA SVIZZERA DEGLI SPECIALISTI DEI PIDOCCHI

### The life of a head louse

Appearance: wingless insect with 3 pairs of legs and the ability to climb

Size: Female: appr. 2.6- 3.3 mm

Male: appr. 2.4- 2.6 mm

Color: pale grey, when well-nourished it becomes reddish-brownish

Development: a female louse lays 3-8 eggs per day, a total of about 300 eggs

Eggs: light-colored, egg-shaped, attached to the hair like droplets with a water-

insoluble, elastic secretion, often on the nape of the neck and behind the

ears

Larvae: are young lice, very small, can suck blood

Nits: are empty eggshells of head lice

Occurrence: solely on human hair, on the head

Fodder: fresh blood from the host every 2-4 hours. Chance of survival without food

usually max. 48 hours.

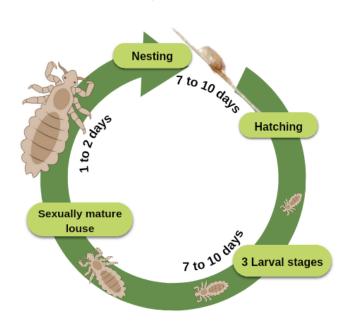
Life duration: Female: 30- 40 days

Male: 15 days

ideal Temperature: 28- 32 °C

Infection: via head-to-head contact. Anyone in the world can get lice, regardless of

origin, age, social background. Lice infestation is not a sign of poor hygiene.



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### **Acute infestation**

It is **important** that the following points are carried out **as soon as possible** (ideally in coordination with other affected parties):

- Treat lice/eggs with an anti-louse product from the pharmacy.
  Use the product exactly, according to the instructions for use and in sufficient quantities. The hair should be completely covered by the product.
- Carefully check all family members (including day care children) and if necessary, treat everyone **the same day**.
- Inform school/class teacher.
- Inform close contacts such as relatives, playmates, neighbours.
- Transmission via objects is very unlikely, therefore intensive cleaning of the home and clothing is unnecessary.
- Treatment with an anti-louse product must be repeated after 7-10 days (not before the 7th day due to the life cycle of the head lice).
- Use the days between treatments and use the conditioner method to remove as many nits as possible.

# Treatment Prevention

- Wash hair with conventional shampoo.
- Apply a large portion of conditioner to the hair.
- Comb hair with a wide-toothed comb.
- Comb strand by strand with a louse/nit comb, wiping off any lice and nits on household paper.
- Now rinse conditioner thoroughly.
- Use your fingernail to remove any remaining nits from the affected, isolated hair towards the tip of the hair.

- Tie up long hair (direct contact from hair to hair is minimised).
- Weekly check-up of the washed hair, optimally with the conditioner method (see box on the left).
- Treat hair with a product to prevent head lice infestation. Available in pharmacies or drugstores.
- Apply 1-2 drops of lavender oil to the crown of hair before contact with other children. Attention! Essential oils can trigger allergies.

All preventive measures never give 100% protection against a head lice infestation. However, they can significantly reduce the risk. If you are unsure, please ask a specialist. For more information, please visit: <a href="https://www.sgkf.ch/">www.sgkf.ch</a> or <a href="https://www.sgkf.ch/">www.sgkf.ch</a> or <a href="https://www.sgkf.ch/">www.sgkf.ch/</a> or